

Figure 1. Division of Labor between Spouses: 1955 and 1971

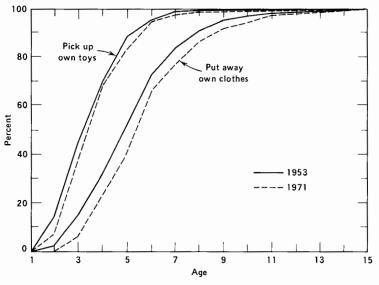


Figure 2. Percent of Mothers Who Would Require Child to Pick Up His/Her Own Toys and Percent Who Would Require Child to Put Away His/Her Own Clothes by a Given Age or Younger. (Unweighted average of cumulative distributions for male and female children.)

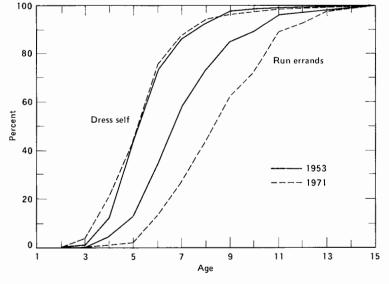
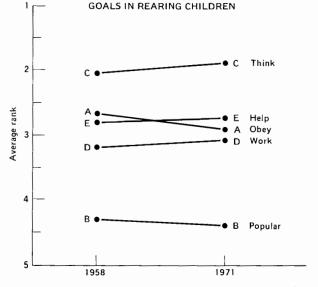


Figure 3. Percent of Mothers Who Would Require Child to Dress Himself/Herself Completely, and Percent Who Would Require Him/Her to Run Errands to Nearby Store by a Given Age or Younger. (Unweighted average of cumulative distributions for male and female children.)



 $Figure\ 4.\ \ Average\ Ranks\ of\ Five\ Goals\ in\ Rearing\ Children$

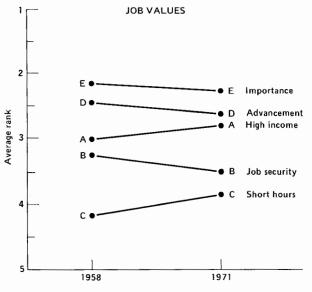


Figure 5. Average Ranks of Five Values in a Job

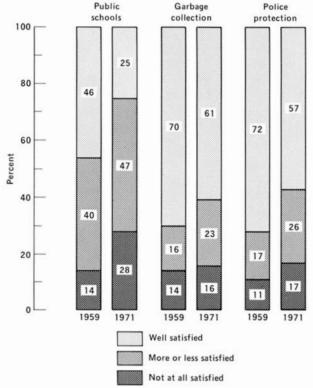


Figure 6. Evaluation of Government Services (Percent Distribution).

In general, would you say that you are well satisfied, more or less satisfied, or not at all satisfied with the job the public schools here are doing? . . . with the city garbage collection here? . . . with the protection provided for your neighborhood by the police?

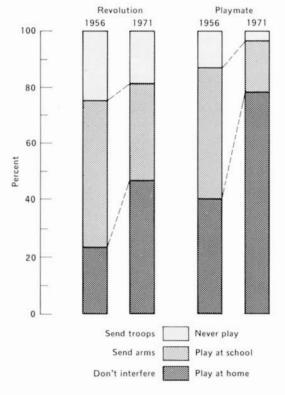


Figure 7. Changes in Responses to Revolution and Playmate Questions (Percent Distributions for White Respondents) 1956 to 1971. (Note: See Tables 37 and 42 for wording of questions.)

Table 1. Values in Marriage

Thinking of marriage in general, which one of these five things would you say is the most	Distribution of Wives			
valuable part of marriage?	1955	1971		
The chance to have children	26	13		
The standard of living—the kind of house, clothes, car, and so forth	3	3		
The husband's understanding of the		_		
wife's problems and feelings	13	13		
The husband's expression of love and affection for the wife	10	11		
Companionship in doings things together				
with the husband	48	60		

Percent

100

Table 2. Ideal Number of Children

		Percent Distribution								
		Less than							More than	
		2	2	$3^{\rm a}$	4	4	Total			
As things are now,	Wives									
what do you think is	1955	1	22	34	36	7	100			
the ideal number of	1971	4	51	26	16	3	100			
children for the average American family?	All adults									
age minerican ranniy.	1971	3	52	27	14	4	100			
In your opinion what	All adults									
would be the ideal	1954	7	33	31	23	6	100			
number of children	1971	14	52	21	10	3	100			
for a young couple to have if their standard of living is about like yours?										

Percent Distribution

^{*} Includes "2 or 3" and "3 or 4."

Table 3. Wives' Satisfaction with Marriage (Percent Distribution)

	Degree of Satisfaction							
how you feel about each of the following:	(1 Low	2	3	4	5 (High)	Total	
Your standard of living the kind of house, clothes, and so forth?	1955 1971 ^ь	3	19 20	19 16	54 56	5 7	100 100	
The understanding you get of your problems and feelings?	1955 1971 ^b	4 6	11 11	30 27	43 44	12 12	100 100	
The love and affection you receive?	$1955 \\ 1971$	2 5	5 8	19 14	43 42	31 31	100 100	
The companionship in doing things together?	1955 1971	4 7	11 12	17 14	38 40	30 27	100 100	

Degree of Satisfaction

^{*} Response alternatives:

^{1.} Pretty disappointed—I'm really missing out on that.

^{2.} It would be nice to have more.

^{3.} It's all right, I guess-I can't complain.

^{4.} Quite satisfied—I'm lucky the way it is.

^{5.} Enthusiastic—It couldn't be better.

Difference between years not significant.

Table 4. Performance of Household Tasks by Spouses (Percent Distribution)

We would like to know how you and your husband divide up some of the family jobs:		Percent of Married Women Saying								
		Husband always	Husband more	Exactly the same	Wife more	Wife always	Total			
Who does the grocery shopping?	1955	7	7	29	20	37	100			
	1971	7	5	22	19	4 7	100			
Who gets your husband's breakfast on work days?	1955	16	5	4	7	68	100			
	1971	29	4	4	7	56	100			
Who does the evening dishes?	1955	1	2	14	12	71	100			
	1971ª	1	1	11	12	75	100			
Who straightens up the living room when company is coming?	1955 1971	1 2	$\stackrel{1}{<}1$	17 18	15 15	66 65	100 100			
Who repairs things around the house?	1955	75	12	7	3	3	100			
	1971	64	16	8	5	7	100			
Who keeps track of the money and bills?	1955	19	7	34	11	29	100			
	1971	23	7	24	10	36	100			

 $[\]ensuremath{^{\circ}}$ Difference between years is not statistically significant.

Table 5. Decision-Making by Spouses (Percent Distribution)

		Percent of Married Women Saying							
Who usually makes the final decision about:		Husband always	Husband more	Exactly the same	Wife more	Wife always	Total		
What car to get?	1955	57	13	25	2	3	100		
	1971ª	58	10	26	1	5	100		
Whether or not to buy some	1955	32	11	42	5	10	100		
life insurance?	1971	43	10	36	3	8	100		
What house or apartment	1955	13	6	58	10	13	100		
to take?	1971	17	6	63	5	9	100		
What job your husband	1955	91	5	3	0	1	100		
should take?	1971	87	8	4	< 1	1	100		
Whether or not you should	1955	27	5	19	9	40	100		
go to work or quit work?	1971	26	5	24	10	35	100		
How much money your family									
can afford to spend per week	1955	10	3	33	12	42	100		
on food?	1971	14	3	34	7	42	100		

^a Difference between years is not statistically significant.

Table 6. Opinions on Why Women Work

Why do you think most	Percent Distribution								
women work?	Total		Wo	Women		en			
	1956	1971	1956	1971	1956	1971			
(Reasons mentioned)									
Money only	56	55	54	54	58	56			
Money and also another									
reason	33	34	33	35	33	33			
To get out of the									
house	11	14	14	16	7	12			
To keep busy	6	5	6	4	6	5			
To be independent	5	4	4	3	7	5			
The work itself	4	5	3	5	4	5			
Some other reason	7	6	6	7	9	6			
Only reasons other than									
money	11	11	13	11	9	11			
	100	100	100	100	100	100			

Table 7. Opinions on Women's Problems in Working

Do you feel that women have special problems working?		Percent Distribution				
Are there some kinds of work that you feel women should	To	tal	Wo	men	Me	
not have?	1956	1971	1956	1971	1956	
Yes (have special problems)	73	65	71	65	74	
Yes (some work they shouldn't have)	60	45	56	42	65	
No	13	20	15	23	9	

Men

not have?	1956	1971	1956
Yes (have special problems)	73	65	71
Yes (some work they			
shouldn't have)	60	45	56
No	13	20	15
No (no special problems)	27	35	29

Yes (some work they shouldn't have)

No

Table 8. Opinions on Kinds of Work Women Should Not Have

Are there kinds of work you	Percent Mention Each Reason					n
feel women should not have? [If yes,] What are they? Why	To	tal	Wor	men	M	en
do you feel this way?	1956	1956 1971		1971	1956	1971
No, no work women should not have Yes ^a	20 80	33 67	25 75	38 62	15 85	26 74
(Reasons why) Factory jobs	34	15	37	14	32	15
Too hard	10	7	11	7	9	7
Degrading	6	2	8	2	5	2
Takes jobs from men	7	2	7	2	6	2
Some other reason	11	4	11	3	12	4
Men's jobs, e.g. crafts, drivers	19	27	15	25	24	29
Too hard	8	15	7	13	11	16
Degrading	3	3	3	3	3	3
Takes jobs from men	2	1	2	1	1	1
Some other reason	6	8	3	8	9	9
Professional or administrative jobs	7	9	7	10	6	8
Not capable	4	4	5	5	3	3
Some other reason	3	5	2	5	3	5
Hard work, bad working conditions	21	32	17	26	26	39
Work not thought to be respectable	5	1	6	1	4	1
Where they take jobs from men	4	2	5	3	3	1

^a Categories given below are not mutually exclusive so they will total to a percentage greater than those saying yes.

Table 9. Sex Differentiation of Chores

1953 1971

1953 1971

1953 1971

Here are some things that might be done by a boy or a girl. Suppose the person were about 13 years old. As I read each of these to you, I would like you to tell me if it should be done as a regular task

by a boy, by a girl, or by both.

Shoveling walks

Washing the car

Dusting furniture

Making beds

, Per	cent E) istrihu	tion of Mo	others
Boy		Both	Neither	Total
65	0	34	1	100
50	0	50	<1	100
65	<1	29	6	100
30	<1	69	1	100
1	66	32	1	100
<1	62	37	<1	100
1	52	46	1	100
< 1	29	71	<1	100

Table 10. Age to Which Supervision Is Needed

Some mothers believe that for a child's own good they should know what (he/she) is doing most of the time and should supervise (him/her) until a certain age. What age would you say that	Distrib	cent oution ^a others
should be?	1953	1971
Before 5 years	9	1
5 to 8 years	21	12
9 to 12 years	12	13
13 to 15 years	17	12
16 or 17 years	11	17
18 to 20 years	17	29
21 years or older	4	5
As long as living in parents' house	9	11
	100	100

^a Unweighted average of distributions for male and female children.

Table 11. Response to Baby's Crying

ch pre cra	others have different ways of handling a crying ild of five months. Suppose that you were busy eparing the family dinner and the baby was anky and crying—if you thought nothing was ong with (him/her), and (he/she) only wanted	Distri	cent bution others
	ention, what would you do?	1953	1971
1.	Immediate or unconditional action	35	44
2.	Do nothing, let child cry	41	41
3.	Other (delayed or conditional action; check if		
	child is all right; sometimes let him cry;		
	sometimes do something; someone else		
	would do something)	24	15

Table 12. Rewards for Good Behavior

Think about a time when [name of child] (will be/was) ten years old. (He/She) has just done something that you feel is very good, or (he/she) has been particularly good. What would you do			Percent Mention"		
	those times?	1953	1971		
1.	Psychic reward: satisfactions expected to come from within the child for a job well-done (e.g. mother tells him he should feel good about it)	8	1		
2.	Other verbal praise	67	78		
3.	Special privileges or freedoms	13	11		
4.	Material reward: money or gifts—concrete rewards	35	26		
5.	Love him, kiss him, overt affection	1	18		
6.	Does something, what not stated	2	<1		
7.	Doesn't do anything	3	1 в		

 $^{^{\}scriptscriptstyle a}$ Sum of percentages exceeds 100 because some respondents mentioned two rewards.

b Difference between years not significant.

Table 13. Punishments for Wrong Behavior

of o	w, please think about that same time when [name child] (will be/was) ten years old. (He/She) has t done something that you feel is very wrong, nething that you have warned (him/her) against	Percent Mention ^a		
	er doing. What would you do at such times?	1953	1971	
1.	Psychic punishment: mentions specifically that			
	guilt or shame feelings engendered in child	3	1	
2.	Verbal admonitions: scoldings, warnings, or			
	threats (excluding shame, guilt)	28	18	
3.	Physical punishment	31	$34^{\rm b}$	
4.	Restriction of behavior and withdrawal of			
	privileges (kept home, no T.V., etc.)	64	59հ	
5.	Would not punish, do something positive			
	(reassure, etc.)	3	22	
6.	Punish, not further specified	1	2 ^b	
7.	Do something, what not stated	2	<1	

 $^{^{*}}$ Sum of percentages exceeds 100 because some respondents mentioned two different punishments.

[&]quot; Difference between years not significant.

Table 14. Preference for Inner-Directed or Other-Directed Activities

Suppose a 14-year-old child were interested in some worthwhile activities that gave (him/her) little time to spend with other children. The things the other children are doing are just as worthwhile, but they don't interest this particular child. Would you encourage (him/her) in going on with (his/her) own interests, or would you rather see (him/her) change to something (he/she) can do with other

Percent							
Distribution							
of Mo	thers						
1953	1971						

1.	Continue	with	own	interests

- Be with others
- Mixed or qualified answers

children?

53 73

33 10

14

100

Table 15. Cohort Chasm and Generation Gap

Which statement do you agree more with?

- —The younger generation should be taught by their elders to do what is right.
- —The younger generation should be taught to think for themselves even though they may do something their elders disapprove of.

How do you think your (father/mother) [parent of same sex as respondent] would have answered this question when you were growing up? Which one would (he/she) have agreed with more [1971 only]?

		Percent "Do Right"						
Respondent's Age		1956	1971	1971 Parents				
Under 35ª		47	34	73				
35"-49		49	48	82				
50-64		66	64	93				
6579)	7.5	79	95				
80 and over	}	75	79	100				
All Ages		54	50	83				

^{*} Under 36 and 36-49 in 1971 data.

Table 16. Informal Social Participation

	P	ercent D	istributi	tion	
Frequency of getting together with—	1957ª	1971ª	1959	1971	
Relatives (other than those living at home with you):					
Every day; or almost every day	4	7	7	6	
Once or twice a week	32	31	35	31	
A few times a month	20	20	21	20	
Once a month	12	13	12	14	
A few times a year	17	20	14	20	
Less often	6	5	4	5	
Never	9	4	7	4	
	100	100	100	100	
Neighbors:					
Every day; or almost every day	10	13	13	12	
Once or twice a week	18	16	19	17	
A few times a month; or once					
a month	18	19	23	20	
A few times a year; or less often	19	22	22	23	
Never	35	30	23	28	
	100	100	100	100	
People you or your husband work with: Once or twice a week; or					
more often A few times a month; or once	17	15	15	14	
a month	22	24	22	24	
A few times a year; or less often	30	33	36	34	
Never	31	28	27	28	
	100	100	100	100	
Friends who are not neighbors or fellow workers: Once or twice a week; or					
more often	28	29	25	29	
A few times a month; or once a month	38	35	27	26	
	38 23	35 28	37 29	36 28	
A few times a year; or less often Never	23 11	28 8	29 9	28 7	
MENET	100	100	$\frac{9}{100}$	$\frac{7}{100}$	
	100	100	100	100	

Wayne County only.

Table 17. Association Membership, by Type

	Percent Belonging							
Memberships in Clubs or Organizations of Specified		Total		Men		men		
Kinds:	1959	1971	1959	1971	1959	1971		
Labor unions	28	27	47	45	9	12		
Church-connected groups	36	28ª	30	24^a	42	31"		
Fraternal organizations or								
lodges	14	12	19	17	10	8		
Veteran's organizations	6	5	9	11	3	$<$ 1 a		
Business or civic groups	5	7	7	10	3	4		
Parent-teacher associations	19	20	12	13	25	26		
Neighborhood clubs or								
community centers	8	10	7	9	8	10		
Organizations of people of								
the same nationality	6	4ª	5	4	7	3ª		
Sport teams	11	15°	13	21^{a}	8	9		
Professional groups	7	8	10	12	5	5		
Political clubs or organizations	3	2	3	3	3	2		
Neighborhood improvement								
associations	12	8"	13	9^{a}	11	8		
Card clubs; women's or								
men's social clubs	12	13	8	9	17	16		
Charitable and welfare								
organizations	9	7	7	6	10	8		
* Difference between years	e ic et	atietica	lly cia	nificar	at, othe	r dif		

 $[\]ensuremath{^{\text{a}}}$ Difference between years is statistically significant; other differences in the table are not.

Table 18. Frequency of Association Memberships

Number of Different Types

Number of Different Types	Percent Distribution							
of Clubs and Organizations (other than Churches)	To	Total		Men		Women		
Respondent Belongs to:	1959	1971	1959	1971	1959	1971		
None	22	25	17	15	27	34		
One								
Union	11	10	18	18	4	4		
Other	20	20	14	17	25	22		
Two	22	20	25	21	20	19		
Three	13	13	14	15	12	11		
Four	6	7	6	8	6	5		
Five	3	3	3	3	4	3		
Six	1	1	1	1	1	1		
Seven	1	1	1	1	<1	<1		
Eight or more	1	<1	1	1	<1	<1		
Number per respondent								
(mean)	1.75	1.66	1.90	1.93	1.61	1.44		

Table 19. Frequency of Attendance at Religious Services

Dangant Distribution by Engagemen of Attandance

		Percen	t Distribut	ion by Fr	equency	of Atten	dance			
Year	Question Wording ^a	Once a week	Twice a month	Once a month	Few times a yea r	Never	Total			
1952	Α	42	1	7	19	21	100			
1954	В	46	11	10	24	9	100			
1955	В	45	12	7	24	12	100			
1956	В	46	14	7	26	7	100			
1957	В	47	13	10	21	9	100			
1958	C	43	15	7	20	15	100			
1959	В	54	10	5	23	8	100			
1971	C	35	13	8	26	18	100			

B: About how often do you usually attend religious services? Once a week; Twice a month; Once a month; A few times a year; Never.

C: About how often, if ever, have you attended religious services during the last year? Once a week or more; Two or three times a month; Once a month; A few times a year or less; Never.

Note: 1952 data are from "Some Social and Economic Characteristics of the Detroit Area Population, 1952," Detroit Area Study, University of Michigan, 1953. 1955 data are from unpublished tabulations of "census data" for all adults in the households surveyed, not just the wives, as is the case for other 1955 data in this report. 1957 data pertain to Wayne County only.

Percent Distribution

52.

Table 20. Change in Church Attendance

Would you say you attend religious services	1958
3.6	~
More often	24

About the same, or

than you did ten or fifteen years ago?

Less often

Table 21. Change in Interest in Religion All things considered do you think

Ι.	All things considered, do you think
	you are more interested, about as
	interested or less interested in
	religion than you were ten or
	fifteen years ago?
	•

All things considered, has your interest in religion grown, remained the same, or decreased over the last

Same Less

ten or fifteen years?

Decreased

Grown

Same

interested or less interested in	
religion than you were ten or	
fifteen years ago?	
More	

00	01
25	27
100	100
1971(A)	1071/P\
19/1(A)	19/1(b)
39	35
40	35

Percent Distribution

1971(A) 1971(B)

Table 22. Intergenerational Change in Religiosity

When your (father/mother) was about your age was

(he/she) more religious than you are, about as religious, or would you say (he/she) was less		Percent Distribution	
religious than you are?	1958	1971	
Father			
More religious	32	33	
About as religious	48	38	
Less religious	21	29	
	100	100	
Mother			
More religious	54	58	
About as religious	38	33	
Less religious	8	10	

100

Table 23. Participation in Church Activities

orga Othe Hov	you take part in any of the activities or inizations of your church (synagogue, temple) or than attending services? or often have you done these things, all told, ing the last year?		cent bution
	(excludes persons never attending services)	1958	1971
Yes			
	Once a week or more	12	11
	Less often	16	25
No		72	64

Table 24. Communal Involvement

As a general rule, do you think it is wiser for (Protestants/Catholics/Jewish people) to marry		
other (Protestant/Catholic/Jewish people) or not?	1958	1971
(percent in each group saying "wiser")		
Protestants	66	53
Catholics	80	59
Jews	92	76
As a general rule, do you think it is wiser for		
(Protestants/Catholics/Jewish people) to choose		
other (Protestant/Catholic/Jewish people) as their		
really close friends, or not?		
(percent in each group saying "wiser")		
Protestants	19	16
Catholics	30	9
Jews	38	24
Thinking of your closest friends, what proportion		
are (Protestants/Catholics/Jewish)?		
(percent in each group saying "all of them" or		
"nearly all of them")		
Protestants	45	30
Catholics	43	22
Jews	77	53

Table 25. Attitudes Toward Jews

Protestants

Catholics

Commandation (Dustrates (Carbalian) de acce

think that the Jewish people as a whole are more fair, as fair, or less fair in their business dealings? (percent of each group saying Jewish less fair)	1958	1971
Protestants Catholics	47 46	37 27
Do you feel that the Jewish people have been trying to get too much power in the country, or not? (percent of each group saying "yes")		

27

26

Table 26. Religious Beliefs

Some people wonder whether [or not] ^a there is a God. How do you feel—do you believe there is a God, or not [or are you uncertain] ^a ?		Percent Distribution			
		1959	1971		
Yes Uncertain No	96.6 2.3 1.1	93.2 5.2 1.6	94.0 3.5 2.5		
	100.0	100.0	100.0		
Do you believe in life after death, or not? [1958, 1971] Some people think there is a life after death; others don't think there is, and still others feel uncertain. In your opinion, is there a life after death or not, or are you uncertain? [1959]					
Yes	74	66	65		
Uncertain	12	27	13		
No [excludes those who do not believe in God]	14	7	22		
	100	100	100		
Do you feel you have the right to question what your church teaches, or not?					
Yes	68		81		
Unsure	4		2		
No	28		_17		
	100		100		
Do you believe that someone who doesn't believe in God can be a good American, or not?					
Can	57		77		
Unsure	7		4		
Cannot	36		19		
	100		100		
When you have decisions to make in your everyday life, do you ask yourself what God would want you to do?					
Often	35		38		
Sometimes	46		41		
Never	19		21		
	100		100		
4 Words included only in 1959.					

Table 27. Certainty of Belief in God

Management of the landing of the state and appear to all wises.

leaders, have had doubts from time to time throughout their lives about the existence of God. Which of these statements about your belief in	Percent Distribution ^a		
God's existence best fits the way you feel?	1959	1971	
Not sure. I just don't know	2	6	
Not too sure. My ideas are probably correct,			
but I really don't know.	7	15	
Rather sure. Many of the facts I know support my belief.	23	31	
Very sure. At present I have no doubt that my	23	31	
beliefs are right.	68	48	
	100	100	

^a Based on those answering, "Yes [there is a God]."

Table 28. Moral Issues

Usually wrong

Never wrong

Sometimes wrong

How do you feel about gambling? From the moral standpoint, would you say it is	Distribution	
	1958	1971
Always wrong	32	25
Usually wrong	13	9
Sometimes wrong	47	49
Never wrong	8	17
	100	100
From the moral standpoint, how do you feel about divorce?		
Always wrong	23	8

Percent

20

48

100

10

70

12

Table 29. Subjective Social Class Identification

A large community like				
the Detroit area is made	e			
up of many kinds of				
groups. If you had to				
place yourself in one of		Perce	ent Distribi	ition
these groups, would you	1 Upper	Middle	Working	Lou

place yourself in one of		Percent Distr		
these groups, would you say that you are in the:	Upper class	Middle class	Workin class	

A large community like

1958 (2 alternatives)

1957 (Wayne County)

1971 (Wayne County)

1971 (Mothers)

1953 (Mothers: wording varied)

Opper	witaate	
class	class	
2	35	
	32	
2	46	

Lower

class

Total

Table 30. Political Information Test

		Answer
Do you happen to know the names of the United States senators from Michigan?	1957	1971
(percent naming at least one correctly)	35	56
Can you tell me how long the term of office	10	17
is for a United States senator? Do you know who the Congressman from this	18	17
district is?	20	29
Can you tell me how long the term of office		
is for a Congressman?	41	27

Percent Givina

Table 31. Sources of Political News Of all the ways of getting the news about

Television

(other and not ascertained)

government officials and humans, which would

government omerals and bureaus, which would		
you say you depend on the most?	1954	1971
Newspapers	57	40
Radio	13	10

Percent

Distribution

40

10

100

19

Table 32. Evaluation of Institutions Now here is a list of organizations and

groups that people h ions about. tell me if, i good job, ju How about

the radio a

country?

most doctors?

most colleges?

most scientists?

the Boy Scouts?

the Federal Courts?

most Michigan State officials?

most high schools in this

have differe	nt opin-
ich one, woi	ıld you
pinion, it is	doing a
job, or a po	or job.
etworks?	1959

After each one, would n your opinion, it is do ust a fair job, or a poor	d you oing a
nd TV networks?	1959 1971

Good

Percent Distribution

Po	or
1	8
10	O
10	0
28	5
10	0

 2

Total

Table 33. Evaluation of State and Local Government

are doing a poor, fair, good, or very good job?
1954 1971
And the state government—do you think the state officials and

bureaus are doing a poor, fair, good, or very good job?

Do you think the [name of local community] officials and bureaus

P	oor
	6
	18

Percent Distribution

Table 34. Costs and Benefits of Government

Which one of these statements comes closest	107	cent bution
to your own opinion	1954	1971
The help and services that the public gets from the government is worth what it asks from the public. The government asks more from the public than	53	29
it gives in help and services.	32	53
The public gets more from the government than it gives the government.	15	18

Table 35. Prestige of Public Employment

jobs	Percent Distribution No dif-			
P	rivate	Public	ference	Total
954 971	27	53 59	20	100 100
954 971	42 55	42	16 5	100
954 971	43 45	37 46	20 9	100 100
954 971	58 61	27 33	15 6	100 100
	954 971 954 971 954 971 954	Percentage Private 954 27 971 33 954 42 971 55 954 43 971 45 954 58	Percent Disc Private Public 954 27 53 971 33 59 954 42 42 971 55 40 954 43 37 971 45 46 954 58 27	Percent Distribution No dif- Private Public ference 954 27 53 20 971 33 59 8 954 42 42 16 971 55 40 5 954 43 37 20 971 45 46 9 954 58 27 15

Table 36. Opinions on Freedom of Speech

In our country the Constitution guarantees the right

of free speech to everyone In your opinion does

in favor of Fascism or dictatorship?

in favor of Communism?

this include the right for someone to make speeches	195
criticizing what the President does?	75
against religion?	4

Percent

Saying "Yes"

35

1971 75 59

Table 37. Opinions on Intervention

70 1 1 1 1	$P\epsilon$	ercent Distrik	oution
If a revolution takes place in a country in South America and it looks		19	71
as though the Communist side might win, what action should we take?	1956	Respond- ents	"Most People" ^a
Do not interfere	26	48	56
Send arms to the side fighting the Communists	47	33	29
Send U.S. troops in to fight the Communist group	27	19	15
· .	100	100	100

^a Do you think that most people in the Detroit area would agree with you about this? What would they choose [asked in 1971 only]?

Table 38. Willingness to Change How Country Is Run

People feel differently about making changes in the way our country is run. Which of these four	Percent Distribution		
statements do you think is best?	1956	1971	
We should rarely, if ever, make changes in the			
way our country is run.	2	2	
We should be very cautious of making changes in the way our country is run.	49	42	
We should feel free to make changes in the way our country is run.	37	32	
We must constantly make changes in the way our country is run.	12	24	
	100	100	

Table 39. Willingness to Change Constitution

Which of these two statements do you agree with more?
with more:
The Founding Fathers had so much wisdom that

our Constitution handles most modern problems very well.

While the Founding Fathers were very wise, the Constitution they wrote needs frequent changes to bring it up to date.

Percent endorsing

1971

24

76

100

1956

35

65

Γable 40. Opinions on Politics and Government

		Percent Distribution					
		Strong Agree		Agree	Dis- agree	Strongly Disagree	Total
So many other people vote in elections that	1954 1971	3		7 10	42 56	48 32	100 100
it doesn't matter much	1957ª		7			93	100
whether I vote or not	1971ª		13			87	100
People like me don't	1954	2		19	53	26	100
have any say about	1971A	4		27	57	12	100
what the government	1971B	7		34	54	5	100
does	1957^{a}		27			73	100
	1971A		33			67	100
	1971B	ı	44			56	100
Sometimes politics	1954	8		59	26	7	100
and government seem	1971A	12		53	30	5	100
so complicated that a	1971B	17		56	24	3	100
person like me can't	$1957^{\rm a}$		62			38	100
really understand	1971A	1	68			32	100
what is going on	1971B	'	76			24	100
Voting is the only way	1954	12		53	31	4	100
that people like me	1971	12		48	35	5	100
can have any say							
about how the gov-							
ernment runs things							
I don't think public	1954	7		21	58	14	100
officials care much	1971A	6		42	49	3	100
about what people like me think	1971B	10		40	45	5	100
Public officials really	1957ª		79			21	100
care about what	1971A	ι	43			57	100
people like me think	1971B	ı	50			50	100

^a Respondents in Wayne County only.

Table 41. School and Neighborhood Integration (White Respondents)

Personally, do you think white students and Negro students should go to the same schools, or to	Percent Distribution	
separate schools?	1958	197
Same schools	62	79
Unsure	6	4
Separate schools	33	17
	100	100
Would you be at all disturbed or unhappy if a		

54

40

100

28

68

100

Negro with the same income and education as

you moved into your block?

Yes

Unsure No

Table 42. Play Between Black and White Children (White Respondents)

One day a six year old asks her mother if she can bring another girl home to

othe own	r. The mother knows that the er girl is a Negro, and that her daughter has only played with te children before. What should	Percent Distribution			
the	mother do?	1956	1971	1969ª	1971°
2.	She should tell her daughter she must never play with Negroes; The daughter should be told that	13	3	2	2
j	she may play with Negro children in school, but not at home; The Negro child should be	47	18	22	17
;	permitted to come to the home.	40	79	76	81
		100	100	100	100

^a Heads of household and spouses only, 21–69 years of age.

Table 43. Beliefs About the Attitudes of Others on Playmate Question (White Respondents)

Do you think that most people in the Detroit area would agree with you on what should be done about this?		cent bution
		1971
[Among those who themselves say "never play"]		
Yes	88	54
No	12	46
	100	100
[Among those who themselves say "home"]		
Yes	31	35
No	69	65
	100	100
[What most people in Detroit are believed to respond]		
Never play		17
School only		51
Home		32
		100

Table 44. Intermarriage

White Domondantel

If a very close relative married a Negro, would		Distribution		
you mind it	1969	1971		
a lot	68	51		
a little, or	18	29		
not at all?	15	20		
	100	100		
Black Respondents ^a				
Suppose a very close relative married a white person. Would you mind it				
a lot		7		

a little, or

not at all?

Heads of household and spouses only, 21-69 years of age.

Percent

Table 45. Effects of the 1967 Detroit Riot (Black Respondents)

(1968) Do you think that because of the disturbance there are more whites in favor of equal rights for Negroes, fewer whites in favor, or that there isn't much difference?

(1971) This next question deals with the effects of the riot in Detroit four years ago in July, 1967. Do you think that because of that disturbance there are more whites in favor of equal rights for Negroes, fewer whites in favor, or that the riot didn't make much difference?"

		cent bution
	1968	1971
More whites	53	42
Fewer whites	9	22
Not much difference	38	36
	100	100

^a The introductory first sentence added in 1971 was not necessary in 1968 because the latter survey had preceded the question with several others on the 1967 riot, including one about the term "riot" itself. Both the 1968 and 1971 studies instructed interviewers to substitute for "Negro" the term "black" (or some other term) if the respondent indicated such a preference.

Table 46. Black Beliefs About White Intentions

On the whole, do you think most white people in

most white people,

some white people,

or none at all?

Detroit want	1968	1971
to see Negroes get a better break,	48	37
or do they want to keep Negroes down,	18	27
or don't they care one way or the other?	33	36
	100	100
Do you personally feel that you can trust		

Percent Distribution

21

73

100

13

78

10

Table 47. Black Beliefs About Discrimination

Do you think Negro teachers take more of an interest		cent bution
in teaching Negro students than white teachers do?	1968	1971
Yes No	34 66	35 65
	100	100
How many places in Detroit do you think will hire a white person before they will hire a Negro even though they have the same qualifications?		
Many	56	60
Some	23	20
Few	20	20
	100	100
Some people say that over the last 10 or 15 years, there has been a lot of progress in getting rid of racial discrimination. Others say there hasn't been much real change for most Negroes over that time. Which do you agree with most?		
Lot of progress	73	69
No real change	27	31
	100	100
Do you think Negro customers who shop in the big downtown stores are treated as politely as white customers, or are they treated less politely?		
As politely	74	64
Less politely	26	36
	100	100

Table 48. Black Power and Black Consciousness

Would you personally prefer to live in a neighborhood with all Negroes, mostly Negroes, mostly		ercent ribution
whites, or a neighborhood that's mixed half and half?	1968	1971
All Negroes	4	7
Mostly Negroes	3	8
Mostly Whites	2	2
Mixed	59	66
Makes no difference (Volunteered)	32	17
	100	100
Some people say there should be Negro principals in schools with mostly Negro students because Negroes should have the most say in running innercity schools? Would you agree with that or not?		
Yes	35	39
No	65	61
	100	100
On another subject (related to how you spend your spare time), could you tell me who two or three of your favorite actors or entertainers are? [Coded for race of each entertainer mentioned]		
All black	29	30
Majority blacks	21	24
Half black/half white	13	9
Majority white	21	22
All white	17	15
	100	100
In 1069 all names given were coded, in 1971	only	the first

 $^{^{\}rm a}$ In 1968 all names given were coded; in 1971 only the first three names were coded.

Table 49. Opinions on Use of Violence (Black Respondents)

As you see it, what's the best way for Negroes to		Percent Distribution	
try to gain their rights	1968 197		
use laws and persuasion,	30	39	
use non-violent protest,	64	49	
or be ready to use violence?	6	11	
	100	100	
[Asked only of those not saying violence to preceding question]			
If (laws and persuasion/non-violent protest) doesn't work, then do you think Negroes should be ready to use violence?			
Yes	22	44	

No

Respondents) to Playmate Question, by Responses to Revolution Question, in 1956 and 1971 Playmate Question

Table 50. Responses (Percent Distribution for White

		i tugiitute question			
Year	Revolution Question	Never Play	Play at School	Play at Home	
1956	Send troops	16	44	40	
	Send arms	8	52	40	
	Don't interfere	15	45	40	

100

100

100

75 1971 Send troops 22Send arms 18 79 Don't interfere 17 81

Note: See Tables 37 and 42 for wording of questions. Chi-square

either year.

test shows no significant association between the two questions in

Table 51. Belief that Most People Would Agree on Playmate Question by Belief They Would Agree on Revolution Question (Percent Distribution for White Respondents) in 1956 and 1971

	Revolution" Question: Would most	Playmate* Would people	:	
Year	people agree?	Yes	No	Total
1956	Yes (85%)	62	38	100
	No (15%)	41	59	100
	Total (100%)	59	41	100
1971	Yes (67%)	46	54	100
	No (33%)	32	68	100
	Total (100%)	41	59	100

^{*} See Tables 37, 42, and 43 for wording of questions.

Table 52. Belief that Most People in Detroit Would Agree, by Respondent's Answer to Playmate and Revolution Questions (White Respondents)

		people agree? t "Yes")
Respondent's answer	1956	1971
Revolution question		
Send troops	83	49
Send arms	88	63
Don't interfere	82	78
All answers	85	67
Playmate question		
Never play	89	51
Play at school	75	69
Play at home	31	35
All answers	59	41

Note: See Tables 37, 42, and 43 for wording of questions. Some percentages in this table differ slightly from corresponding figures in Table 43, since only respondents giving classifiable answers to both the revolution and playmate questions are included here.

Table 53. Likelihood of Atomic War with Russia

What would you say are the chances that the United States will be in an atomic	Perce	nt Distri	tribution	
war with Russia in the next 25 years?	1958ª	1959	1971	
Certain	5	5	2	
More likely than not	26	8	6	
Chances about 50–50	9	26	21	
Some chance	31	41	40	
No chance at all	15	14	26	
Don't know	14	6	5	
	100	100	100	

[&]quot;In 1958, the question was open-ended; responses were recorded in the respondent's own words and then coded to categories approximating these. In both 1959 and 1971 the respondent was asked to choose among the first five alternatives.

Table 54. Morale Items

1.	Most people don't really care what happens to the next fellow	1956 1958 1971 1971*	34 34 50 52	<1 3 4 1	66 63 46 47	100 100 100 100
2.	Children born today have a wonderful future to look forward to	1958 1971	79 50	9 11	12 39	100 100
3.	Nowadays a person has to live pretty much for today and let tomorrow take care of itself	1956 1958 1959 ^b 1971 1971 ^a	26 31 37 39 40	1 3 3 1	73 66 63 58 59	100 100 100 100 100
4.	The chances are very good that some day we'll have another depression as bad as the one in the thirties	1959° 1971 1971°	39 46 49	 9 3	61 45 48	100 100 100
5.	These days a person doesn't really know whom he can count on	1956 1958 1959" 1971 1971"	58 64 52 62 64	1 3 4 1	41 33 48 34 35	100 100 100 100 100
6.	It's hardly fair to bring children into the world the way things look for the future	1956 1958 1959" 1971 1971"	13 11 20 35 36	1 7 5 1	86 82 80 60 63	100 100 100 100 100
str	After probe (to simula 1959 response categor	ries (str	ongly ag			

Percent Distribution

Dis-Agree Unsure agree Total

strongly disagree) have been collapsed.

Table 55. Confidence in Human Nature

Most can be trusted

Can't be too careful

It depends

Would you say that most people are more inclined

1959	1071
	1971
32	17
63	79
5	4
100	100
	100

Percent

Distribution

48

46

100

37

59