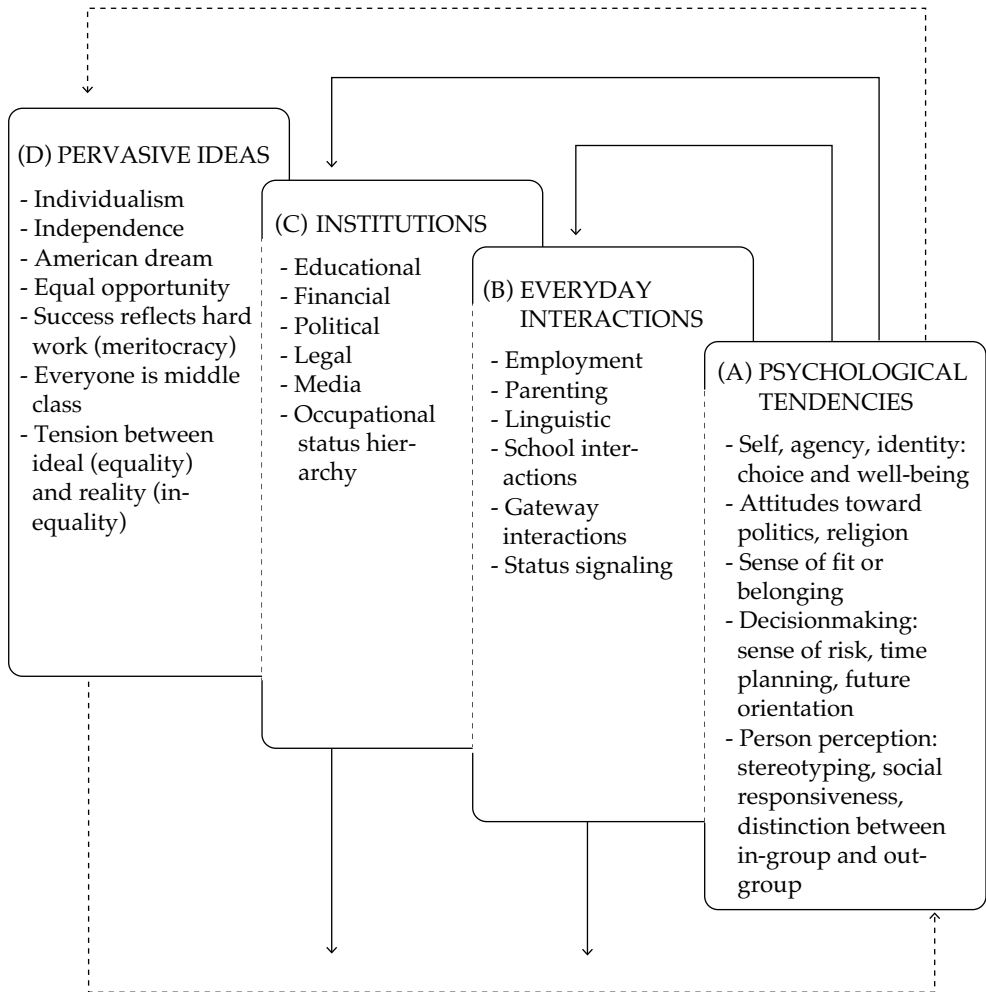


Figure 1.1 Influence of Social-Class Ideas, Institutions, and Interactions on Individual Psychological Functioning



Source: Authors' figure.

Table 2.1 Microinteraction and Social Inequality

	Bernstein	Bourdieu	Collins
Key mechanisms	Linguistic competence (control of “elaborated code”; comfort and familiarity in unstructured places; comfort with individualistic modes of thought and relating)	Cultural capital (familiarity with high-status topics); linguistic capital (linguistic competence); bodily hexis	Energy maximization and domination in conversation; mutual orientation, entrainment in conversational rituals; shared topics of conversation; Erickson (1976): establishing comembership in first moments of interaction leads to conversational synchrony and positive outcomes
Antecedents	Durkheim: organization of mind mirrors organization of space and social relations; Douglas (1982): grid, group	Durkheim and Goffman: interaction as ritual; Bernstein: language; Weber: status groups and status cultures	Durkheim and Goffman: interaction as ritual; Weber: minimal groups; Garfinkel: ethnomethodology, fragility of interaction
Nature of class difference	Class, insofar as correlated with network closure and multiplexity of family networks; extent and type of schooling	Class, based on family socialization and educational attainment; associated with occupation	Class, instantiated only in interaction; class effects mediated by effectiveness of interaction ritual
Titles of key works	<i>Class, Codes, and Control</i> , esp. vols. 1 and 3	<i>Reproduction; Distinction</i>	<i>Interaction Ritual Chains</i>
Hypothesis: class effects on success of cross-class interactions are mediated by	Symmetry of code choice Comfort in setting, spatial match Assumptions about individualism and collectivism	Easy command of acceptable conversational contents Linguistic competence Habitus match Bodily hexis	Availability of common topics; establishing comembership (Erickson) Mutual entrainment Exchange-or-dominate “choice” of higher-status interactant

Source: Author’s compilation.

Table 2.2 Taxonomy of Interaction Contexts

	Personal Information Absent	Personal Information Available
Scripting absent	A. Negotiated	B. Experimental manipulation
Scripting present	C. Role governed	D. Stereotype governed

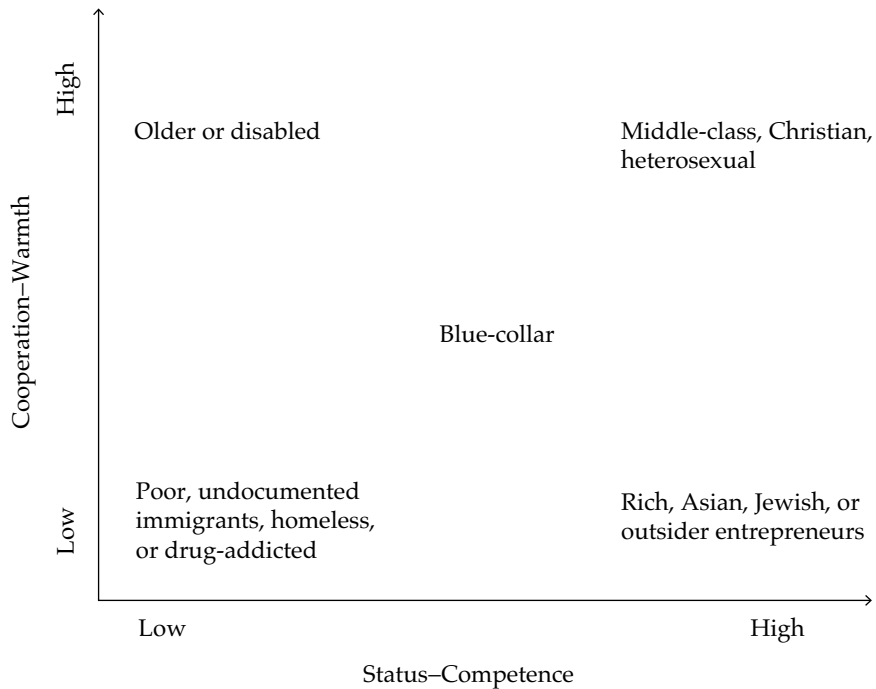
Source: Author's compilation.

Table 10.1 Soft and Hard Individualisms in Manhattan and Queens

	Soft (Manhattan)	Hard (Queens)
Individualism means	emotional expression; creativity, uniqueness	emotional control; self-reliance; toughness; perseverance
The self is	delicate, full of promise, like a flower	hard, protective; like a fortress, rocket, Superman
Caregivers should	give praise, encouragement; mirror emotions; foster creativity	tease, discipline, toughen; nurture without spoiling
The world is	safe and welcoming; competitive; open to uniqueness	potentially dangerous; forbidding; filled with ups and downs
Jobs demand	thinking outside the box; creativity	discipline; hard work; working with others
The future holds	success, personal achievement; a job that fits your personality and interests	uncertainty, struggle; fulfillment with hard work; compromise; structure

Source: Author's compilation.

Figure 12.1 Stereotype Content Model



Source: Authors' figure.