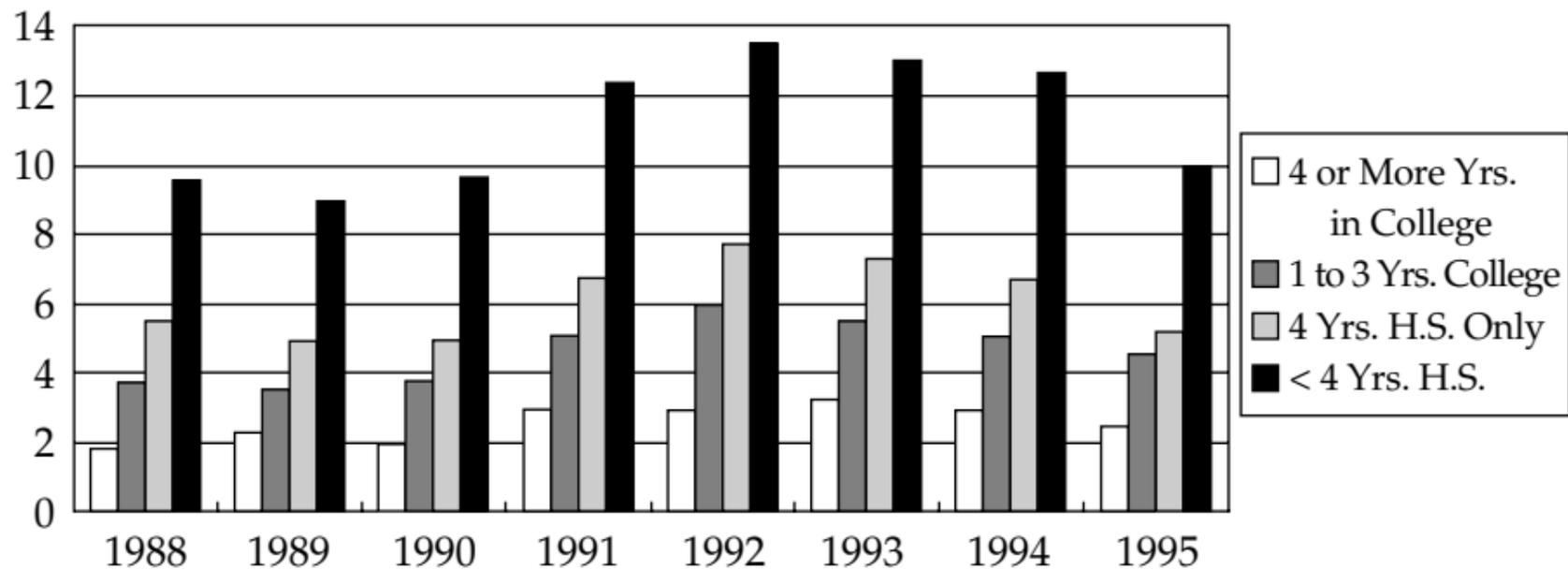


Figure 2C.1 / Unemployment Rates of Persons Twenty-Five to Sixty-Four Years of Age by Educational Attainment



Source: Jacobs 1997, 110.

Table 2C.1 / New York City Median Hourly Wages by Occupation and Industry, 1996 to 1998 (USD)

Occupation	Occup. Code	Manufacturing (Selected Industries)					Services (Selected Industries)		
		SIC 23	SIC 25	SIC 27	SIC 35	SIC 37	SIC 72	SIC 73	SIC 87
Managerial and administrative	100003	36.69	32.64	40.49	41.17	38.93	18.09	38.77	45.27
Professional-paraprofessional and technical	200003	26.09	18.65	21.39	23.09	22.43	11.69	24.07	21.89
Sales and related	400003	27.86	18.86	19.06	22.53	21.35	8.29	17.76	14.78
Clerical and admin. support	500003	12.20	9.72	12.82	14.08	12.22	9.32	11.48	14.39
Service	600003	8.87	7.80	8.88	8.88	9.41	6.96	8.59	11.59
Product/construct/ operate-maintenance/ material handling	800003	7.29	10.35	11.94	12.01	12.79	7.14	9.42	13.73
		Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate							
	Occup. Code	SIC 60	SIC 61	SIC 62	SIC 63	SIC 64	SIC 65	SIC 67	
Managerial and administrative	100003	44.03	50.14	55.99	40.99	45.80	30.88	40.42	
Professional-paraprofessional and technical	200003	26.24	21.04	27.79	26.16	24.75	19.56	25.75	
Sales and related	400003	20.64	15.94	25.92	15.59	19.57	21.53	26.22	
Clerical and admin. support	500003	12.21	13.45	16.47	14.84	15.52	13.96	16.18	
Service	600003	11.72	14.80	14.27	13.57	21.08	14.50	13.61	
Product/construct/ operate-maintenance/ material handling	800003	13.03	14.98	16.54	14.18	15.79	15.22	15.66	

Source: Sassen 2001, table 8.13. Author's calculations based on New York State Bureau of Labor Statistics; OES Survey 1996–1998.

Notes: SIC Codes and Descriptions listed: SIC 23 Apparel and Other Textile Products; SIC 25 Furniture and Fixtures; SIC 27 Printing and Publishing; SIC 35 Industrial Machinery and Equipment; SIC 37 Transportation Equipment; SIC 60 Depository Institutions; SIC 61 Nondepository Institutions; SIC 62 Security and Commodity Brokers; SIC 63 Insurance Carriers; SIC 64 Insurance Agents, Brokers, & Service; SIC 65 Real Estate; SIC 67 Holding and Other Investment Services; SIC 72 Personal Services; SIC 73 Business Services; SIC 87 Engineering and Management Services.

Table 2C.2 / New York City Wage Ranges by Occupation and Selected Industry, 1996 to 1998 (USD, Numbers and Percentage)

Selected SIC	Mean Wage (Dollars)	Median Wage (Dollars)	Breakdown by Wage Ranges						Total Occ. Listed
			\$50 above	\$40 to \$50	\$30 to \$40	\$20 to \$30	\$10 to \$20	\$10 below	
SIC 23—Apparel and other textile products (total)	12.34	8.22							
General managers and top exec. (highest hr. wage)	44.55	*****	3	1	14	11	51	43	123
Other textile and related (lowest hr. wage)	7.40	5.74	2.4%	0.8%	11.4%	8.9%	41.5%	35.0%	
SIC 62—Security and commodity brokers (total)	28.68	23.20	7	2	16	35	82	11	153
Managerial and admin. (highest hr. wage)	46.02	55.99	4.6%	1.3%	10.5%	22.9%	53.6%	7.2%	
Switchboard operators (lowest hr. wage)	10.18	8.29							
SIC 72—Personal services (total)	10.38	7.81	0	1	4	9	39	54	107
Other computer scientists and rel. (highest hr. wage)	38.71	42.08	0.0%	0.9%	3.7%	8.4%	36.4%	50.5%	
All other trans. and rel. workers (lowest hr. wage)	5.40	5.57							

(Table continued on p. 80.)

Table 2C.2 / Continued

Selected SIC	Mean Wage (Dollars)	Median Wage (Dollars)	Breakdown by Wage Ranges						Total Occ. Listed
			\$50 above	\$40 to \$50	\$30 to \$40	\$20 to \$30	\$10 to \$20	\$10 below	
SIC 73—Business services (total)	17.65	13.59							
General managers and top exec. (highest hr. wage)	44.96	55.04	2	3	17	43	88	61	214
Sewing machine operators, garment (lowest hr. wage)	6.75	5.95	0.9%	1.4%	7.9%	20.1%	41.1%	28.5%	
SIC 87—Eng. and management services (total)	24.40	20.06							
Financial managers (highest hr. wage)	47.96	****	4	3	11	57	96	15	186
News, street vendors and phone solicitors (lowest hr. wage)	7.26	6.53	2.2%	1.6%	5.9%	30.6%	51.6%	8.1%	

Source: Sassen 2001, table 8.13. Author's calculations based on New York State Bureau of Labor Statistics, OES Survey 1996–1998.

Note: **** denotes value greater than \$60. The first line of each SIC is the average wage within the sector among all occupations listed by the NY State Bureau of Labor Statistics. The second line is the occupation under the SIC with the highest mean wage; the third line is the occupation with the lowest mean wage. Wage ranges list the number and percentage of occupations within the SIC that fall above or on the listed range.

Table 2C.3 / U.S., New York City, Los Angeles, and Chicago: Employment in Business Services and Engineering-Management Services, 1993 to 1997 (Percentage)

	U.S.	New York City	Los Angeles	Chicago
Non-professionalized occupations (SIC: 7320, 7330, 7340, 7360, 7380)	25.2	23.1	11.3	26.0
Professionalized occupations (SIC: 7310, 7370, 8710–40)	25.7	11.7	14.2	24.6

Source: Sassen 2001.

Note: New York City includes five counties (New York, Bronx, Richmond, Queens, Kings); Chicago includes three counties (Cook, DuPage, Lake).

Table 2C.4 / New York and U.S. Percentage Growth in Earnings: Year-Round, Full-Time Workers (Percentage), 1979 to 1996, Selected Years

	Men			Women		
	1979 to 1996	1979 to 1989	1989 to 1996	1979 to 1996	1979 to 1989	1989 to 1996
United States						
Ninetieth percentile	10.1	9.4	0.6	27.7	17.8	8.4
Tenth percentile	-20.6	-13.9	-7.8	-13.6	-11.6	-2.3
New York–New Jersey region						
Ninetieth percentile	25.7	19.2	5.4	37.5	32.1	4.1
Tenth percentile	-21.0	-6.7	-15.3	-7.0	0.4	-7.4

Source: Federal Reserve Bank of New York, *Earnings and Inequality: New York–New Jersey Region*, “Current Issues in Economics and Finance,” vol. 4, no. 9, July 1998.

Table 3.1 / Types of Jobs for Low-Income Noncustodial Fathers in the Austin and Philadelphia Metropolitan Areas, by Employment Sector

	Formal Sector	Informal Sector	Underground Sector
Steady employer	Regular jobs	Off the books and under the table	
Temporary employer	Day labor	Off the books and casual labor	
Entrepreneur		Side businesses	Hustles

Source: Authors' compilation.

Note: Sample size = 92.

Table 4.1 / Demographic and Background Characteristics of Homeless Family Shelter Sample

	N (Percentage)		N (Percentage)
Personal characteristics		Reason homeless or shelter admit	
Age (years)		Overcrowding	4 (29)
Median	22.5	Condemned or code violations	2 (14)
Race-ethnicity		Eviction by primary tenant	1 (7)
Non-Hispanic white	7 (50) ^a	Eviction for nonpayment of rent, where rent > 50 percent of income	6 (43)
Hispanic	7 (50)	Abuse	1 (7)
Education		Ever victim of domestic violence	
LTHS	7 (50)	Yes	8 (57)
HS-GED	7 (50)	No	6 (43)
Marital status		Early Family History	
Single, never married	9 (64)	Household type	
Unmarried couple	2 (14)	One-parent	9 (64)
Divorced or separated	3 (21)	Two-parent	3 (21)
Health status ^b		Other (foster care, other)	2 (14)
Fair-good	9 (64)	Mother's education	
Poor	5 (36)	LTHS	4 (29)
Age of youngest child (years)		HS-GED	10 (71)
< Six	13 (96)	Mother ever on welfare	
Six to twelve	0	Yes	7 (50)
Thirteen to eighteen	1 (7)	No	7 (50)
Age at first birth (years)		Grew up in urban area	
Thirteen to sixteen	5 (36)	Yes	14
Seventeen to nineteen	5 (36)	No	0
Twenty +	4 (29)		
Tenure in the community ^c			
Long-term resident	10 (79)		
Recent arrival	4 (21)		
Work history			
Some work history	10 (71)		
No work experience	4 (29)		
Public assistance history			
Some time on welfare*	13 (93)		
Never on welfare	1 (7)		

Source: Author's compilation.

Note: Percentages may not add up to 100 due to rounding.

*Includes child-only AFDC-TAFDC.

^aNumber and percentage, unless otherwise indicated.

^bSelf-report. Includes having a child with a serious health condition that requires specialized care.

^cRecent arrival defined as having been a Lowell resident for two years or less.

Table 5.1 / Characteristics of Welfare and Nonwelfare Low-Income Working Mothers, by Age, Race-Ethnicity, Marital Status, and Number of Children

	Total	Welfare	Nonwelfare
N	74	44	30
Age (in years)			
Mean	34.7	34.6	34.8
(SD)	(7.6)	(6.5)	(9.1)
Race-ethnicity (percentage) ^a			
Latina-Hispanic*	47.9	30.2	73.3
African American*	38.4	53.5	16.7
White	12.3	16.3	6.7
Asian-Pacific Islander	4.1	4.7	3.3
Native American	6.8	9.3	3.3
Marital status (percentage)*			
Married-cohabiting	38.9	21.4	63.3
Divorced, separated, or widowed	26.4	28.5	23.3
Never married	34.7	50.0	13.3
Number of children in household ^b			
Mean	1.92	1.95	1.87
(SD)	(1.0)	(1.1)	(.97)
Number of children < age six (percentage)			
One	43.9	44.1	43.5
Two	12.3	8.8	17.4
Three or more	3.5	2.9	4.3

Source: Author's calculations.

Note: Significance level of t-tests and chi-squares denoted with * $p < .01$

^aRace-ethnicity categories are not mutually exclusive. Because some respondents classified themselves in more than one category, percentages add up to more than 100 percent.

^bChildren includes respondents' biological and stepchildren; also includes two grandchildren.

Table 5.2 / Job Characteristics of Welfare and Nonwelfare Low-Income Working Mothers

	Total	Welfare	Nonwelfare
N	74	44	30
Occupations (percentage)			
Teacher aide, child care, health aide, other social service	25.7	31.8	16.7
Retail, food, beverage workers	27.0	27.3	26.7
Production, cleaning, public service	18.9	15.9	23.3
Office, administration	28.4	25.0	33.3
Hourly wage (percentage)			
Mean (SD)**	8.08 (3.5)	7.35 (2.4)	9.12 (4.5)
\$6.00 or less	35.1	38.6	30.0
\$6.01 to \$9.00	39.2	40.9	36.7
\$9.01 or more	25.7	20.5	33.3
Hours (percentage)			
30 or less	31.9	38.1	23.3
31 to 40	50.0	45.2	56.7
41 or more	18.1	16.7	20.0
Benefits (percentage)			
Health care for self and or children***	27.0	15.9	43.3
Employment status (percentage)			
Employed at time of interview***	74.3	61.4	86.7
Employed in previous two years	100.0	100.0	100.0

Source: Author's calculations.

Note: Significance level of t-tests and chi-squares denoted with **p < .05, ***p < .01

Table 5.3 / Sources of Income for Welfare and Nonwelfare Respondents: Transfer Payments, Earnings, and Informal Networks in Year Prior to Interview

	Total Sample	Welfare	Nonwelfare
N	74	44	30
Any informal network income	63.9 (46)^a	52.4 (22)	80 (24)
Coresiding spouse	36.1 (26)	14.3 (6)	66.7 (20)
Nonresidential father	18.1 (13)	19.0 (8)	16.7 (5)
Friends-relatives	23.0 (17)	29.5 (13)	13.3 (4)
Any earnings	91.7 (66)	85.7 (36)	100 (30)
Formal work	86.1 (62)	78.6 (33)	100 (30)
Informal (casual) work	26.4 (19)	35.7 (15)	13.3 (4)
Any transfer payments	51.4 (37)	73.8 (31)	20 (6)
AFDC	38.9 (28)	66.7 (28)	—
Food stamps	36.1 (26)	59.5 (25)	3.3 (1)
SSI	8.3 (6)	4.8 (2)	13.3 (4)
Other transfers	5.4 (4)	6.8 (3)	3.3 (1)

Source: Author's calculations.

^aPercentage followed by number in each category. Bold text denotes percentage and number of respondents who report any income from the general category.